Welcome to the Russian Far East!

Also read:

Head of the Ministry for Development of the Russian Far East Aleksandr Kozlov on expectations of the Eastern Economic Forum 2018 p. 8

From EEF-2017 to EEF-2018: Main Decisions for Development of the Far East p. 3
Dear participants and guests of the 4th Eastern Economic Forum

The Russian Far East has huge economic potential. More than half of the timber resources of the entire Asia-Pacific region, more than a third of its freshwater supplies, 27% of its gas, and 17% of its oil are concentrated in the more than six million square kilometres of the Russian Far East. Our region has abundant gold deposits, and its seas are well stocked with fish. The longest railway lines in the world run across the Far East, and the shortest route by sea from Northeast Asia to Europe also passes through the region.

Developing this fantastically valuable territory is a priority of the national policy which our President, Vladimir Putin, is currently pursuing. My task is to offer you a detailed presentation of the competitive advantages of the Russian Far East. The first significant steps have already been taken.

First, a new economic model for the development of the Far East has been enshrined in current legislation. More than 30 laws have been passed to create a competitive environment for pursuing investment projects in the region.

Second, special economic zones have been created in the Far East where taxes are the lowest in Russia and administrative procedures are quick and painless. These include our advanced special economic zones and Vladivostok Free Port.

Third, the state can now offer investors a developed infrastructure. A business based in a Far Eastern advanced special economic zone will know exactly when they will be connected to mains water, gas, and electricity, and can be confident that access roads to their factory will be in place.

Fourth, we have created a support system for investors based on best practice from around the world. We work with every investor individually and provide assistance at every stage of a project. The state has a vested interest in ensuring that investing in the development of the Far East is profitable. This is our aim in organizing Investor Days, which are held regularly in the region, and setting up meetings between businesses and senior government officials.

Fifth, we have taken a vital step towards making the Far East as accessible as possible for our foreign partners: since August 2017, citizens of 18 nations have been permitted to enter our region on an electronic visa. As things stand, more than 30,000 visas have been granted, and this figure is increasing every day.

As a result of all this, over the past four years the Russian Far East has attracted more than RUB 3.8 trillion in investment, and 1,375 projects are at various stages of implementation. By 2025, more than 127,000 jobs will have been created. In 2017, 30% of foreign investment in Russia went to the regions of the Far East.

At the same time, there is clearly still much to be done. We will continue to work on creating a welcoming environment for business in the Far East, supporting investors’ projects, and finding new ways to meet the challenges ahead of us. I intend to discuss all of these questions with the business community at the 4th Eastern Economic Forum. I look forward to seeing you at the biggest event in Russia’s East.

Yury Trutnev
Deputy Prime Minister of the Russian Federation and Presidential Plenipotentiary Envoy to the Far Eastern Federal District
## The 3rd Eastern Economic Forum

**More than 6,000** participants from **62** countries

Signed **217 agreements for a total of RUB 2.5 trl**

### 2017

**SEPTEMBER**

// September 6–7, 2017

The Government of Russia decided to increase export duties on round timber from the Far East

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Year</th>
<th>Export Duties Increase (%)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>2018</td>
<td>25%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2019</td>
<td>40%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2020</td>
<td>60%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2021</td>
<td>80%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

For those with the minimum 20% share of processed product in the export (from 2021 — minimum 35%), the interest is **6.5%**

**2017**

// November 27, 2017

Federal law to prolong tax preferences for the major investors of the Far East is signed

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Investment volume (RUB bn)</th>
<th>Validity period (years)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>0.5+</td>
<td>15</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1+</td>
<td>16</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>100+</td>
<td>19</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Objective: increase lead extraction up to **7,000 tons per year** (needs of the Russian economy)

From 2010 to 2016 the volume of lead extraction grew from **75 tons** a year to **1,000 tons** a year

### 2017

// November 27, 2017

Federal law to prolong the zero mineral extraction tax for the lead extraction industry of the Far East until 2022 is signed

Project — construction of a dairy farm and a dairy plant

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Investment Volume (RUB bn)</th>
<th>Validity Period</th>
<th>Preferences</th>
<th>Objectives</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>14,5 bn</td>
<td>15 years</td>
<td>600</td>
<td>new jobs will be created</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### 2017

// November 12, 2017

The borders of the Mikhailovsky ASEZ were expanded for the project of the Vietnamese investor in the Far East — TH Group

The borders of the Kamchatka ASEZ were expanded for the project of the Indian investor Tata Power in exploration of the Krutogorovskoe coal deposit

**RUB 30 bn** to be invested in the project

**1000** new jobs will be created

### 2017

// December 8–16, 2017

Days of the Far East in Moscow

The goal — promotion of the Far East

20 thousand people visited the events of the Expocentre

74 thousand people visited the trade fair on the Tverskaya Square

1.5 m people took a ride in the Far-Eastern Express in the Moscow metro

// December 18, 2017

The goal — promotion of the Far East

20 thousand people visited the events of the Expocentre

74 thousand people visited the trade fair on the Tverskaya Square

1.5 m people took a ride in the Far-Eastern Express in the Moscow metro
Days of Japanese and Chinese investors in the Far East

46 companies with the total revenue over RUB 350 bn participated

Underway in the Far East:
- 52 projects in cooperation with Chinese companies with total investment of USD 4.2 bn
- 7 projects in cooperation with Japanese companies with total investment of USD 215 m

The Government of Russia approved the projects of the Far East and Baikal Region Development Fund

1 Construction of a new terminal in the Khabarovsk airport
2 Construction of infrastructure for the Sakhalin Regional Power Plant 2
3 Construction of two new motor and railway ferry complexes for the Vanino-Kholmsk ferry landing

Underway in the Far East:
- Expansion of the Free Port of Vladivostok (to include Uglegorsk, Sakhalin Region)
- In total: 22 federal laws, including e-visa acts, preferences for tourism industry acts
- In total: 121 acts of the government of Russia
  - 10 federal laws, including the Complex plan of development for Svobodny
  - 68 decrees of the Government of Russia

Results:

- 87 new plants launched
- 130 plants under construction
- In progress: 1100 investment projects
- with a total cost of 3.7 RUB trillion

Investment growth by 2016 (average in Russia – 104.4%)

Share of investments in the GRP of the Far East

Share of the Far East in direct foreign investments in Russia

First Contracts for “Fish Quotas” Signed in Far East

In total during the 1st stage:
- 10 new fish-processing plants with total investments of RUB 12.4 bn
- 9 new vessels of the fishing fleet with total investments of RUB 41 bn

Regions of the Far East made a breakthrough in the National Rating of Investment Climate

Leaders in growth: | 2017 | 2018 |
---|---|---|
Khabarovsk Territory | 40 | 18 |
Kamchatka Territory | 68 | 32 |
Amur Region | 47 | 35 |
Sakhalin Region | 79 | 37 |
Magadan Region | 57 | 44 |

The Government of Russia allocated RUB 55.8 bn for social support of the new centres of economic growth in the Far East

197 priority measures including the construction of:
- 26 schools and kindergartens
- 21 medical institutions
- 7 cultural centres
- 28 sports objects
Federal law to grant Sovetskaya Gavan the status of the Free Port is signed

15 investment projects are planned for implementation with total private investments of more than RUB 54 bn. The expansion will also create about 1.8 thousand new jobs

Before VAT was 10%

The President of Russia Vladimir Putin signed the Grandfather Clause Act

is the period of guaranteed no-regression of tax conditions, starting from the moment the investors of the Far East obtain tax preferences

Also, the insurance preferences for the residents of ASEZ and the Free Port of Vladivostok were prolonged up to 10 years starting from obtaining the resident status (7.6% instead of 30%)

The law was drafted to execute the orders of the President of Russia Vladimir Putin given following the results of the 3rd Eastern Economic Forum

The government define support measures for major investment projects

Under implementation – 17 projects

Biggest projects underway:
– Amur GPP
– Ship-building complex Zvezda
– Natalkinsky MPP
– Inaglinsky and Denisovsky MPPs
– Verkhne-Munskoe diamond deposit

Upcoming – 17 projects

Biggest upcoming projects:
– Eastern Petroleum Company
– Amur GCC
– Copper deposit in Baim
– Mineral fertiliser plant in Nakhodka
– Pulp and paper mill in the Khabarovsk Territory

Internet portal to grant sea lots for aquaculture is ordered

Investors can choose a lot from the available water area on the digital map, apply online to the Federal Agency for Fishery, receive the lot upon the results of the electronic bidding

More than 1,600 hectares have been given out. Final cost — RUB 124 m, at the initial cost of RUB 37 m

Results on September 10, 2018

To facilitate the development of the Far East, they passed:

35 federal laws

175 decrees of the Government of Russia

Function:

18 ASEZ

5 FPV

Results:

135 new plants launched

228 plants under construction

In progress:

1375 investment projects

with a total cost of

3,8 RUB trillion

The 4th Eastern Economic Forum

Expecting over 7,000 participants from more than 60 countries
AMUR REGION

FIRST COIL-WOUND HEAT EXCHANGER PRODUCED FOR AMUR GPP

The first coil-wound heat exchanger is on its way from Saint Petersburg to the Amur Region. It was produced specially for the currently constructed Amur gas processing plant in the “Svobodny” ASEZ by the joint venture Linde and “Silovye Mashiny.” The machinery is designed for preliminary heating and subsequent cooling of the nitrogen-helium mix. It will become one of the key components of the manufacturing chain of the Amur GPP.

KAMCHATKA TERRITORY

CONSTRUCTION OF POLLOCK PROCESSING PLANT IN “KAMCHATKA” ASEZ NEAR COMPLETION

VITYAZ-AVTO LLC, a resident of the “Kamchatka” ASEZ, is completing the construction of a new fish-processing plant in Ustyevo, Kamchatka Territory. As of the end of August, the buildings of the onshore plant, refrigerator, machinery department, and the fillet shop have been finished. In total, the complex will consist of seven buildings and a loading and unloading platform. Approximately RUB 294 m was invested in the project, which will provide 340 new jobs.

FIRST FPV RESIDENT FINISHES CONSTRUCTION OF HOTEL COMPLEX

Novy Dom JSC, an FPV resident, is completing the main construction stage of their hotel complex with alternating numbers of storeys (13 to 15) in Petropavlovsk-Kamchatsky. At the moment, the monolith frame of the building is almost ready, and utility networks are being laid. Then the investor will start installing roofs and facades. The total cost of the project is RUB 1.3 bn, of which RUB 550 m has already been invested in the object.

SAKHALIN REGION

SAKHALIN FARMS OF ASEZ RESIDENT RECEIVE ELITE CATTLE FROM DENMARK

“Grin Agro-Sakhalin”, a resident of the “Vuzhnaya” ASEZ, has transferred another batch of pedigree cattle for their new farm in Troitskoe, Sakhalin, from Denmark. All other sports events. The new centre will be aimed towards top-class events and comfortable training conditions for athletes and teams. In total, RUB 12 m was invested in the project.

PRIMORYE TERRITORY

PRODUCTION OF BIOFUEL LAUNCHED IN FREE PORT OF VLADIVOSTOK

“EcoLine”, an FPV resident, launched the production of fuel bricks in the Olginsky District, Primorye Territory. During implementation, the investor reconstructed the main building and built two new storage hangars for the final product. In total, RUB 17 m was invested in the project of this zero-waste wood-processing complex. The staff consists of 12 workers.

RESIDENT OF FPV BUILDS FIRST SHIP FOR EXPORT TO APR

“Kompozitnoe Korablestroenie”, an FPV resident, has presented the first motor catamaran for export to the Republic of Korea. The multi-hulled 12-metre long boat Pacifico Cruise 120 will be put to use in Busan. The vessel can accelerate up to 15 knots at full load. It is designed for day trips to offshore strips.

FPV RESIDENT PLANS TO PRODUCE SEA AND RIVER ALUMINUM VESSELS

The R&D company “ElKor” LLC, an FPV resident, is planning to launch a plant to produce aluminium boats and panels in Artyom. The firm has already selected the facilities to be used as a manufacture and storage centre. They will offer flat-bottomed boats and various types of motor boats. They are planning to invest RUB 8 m and create 27 new jobs.

NEWS ABOUT ASEZ AND THE FREE PORT OF VLADIVOSTOK RESIDENTS
394 heifers of the Holstein Friesian breed that arrived from Europe are already pregnant. Immediately after the quarantine, they will become a part of the main cattle at the new dairy farm.

**RESIDENT OF “GORNY VOZDUKH” ASEZ SEARCHING FOR THERMAL WATER ON SAKHALIN**

“Khonoka Sakhalin”, a resident of the “Gorny Vozdugh” ASEZ, is drilling one of the largest thermal water wells on the island, as part of their future balneological centre in Yuzhno-Sakhalinsk. At the moment, the well is 400 metres deep. Its water will be used to fill the two baths of the centre. RUB 490.9 m was invested in the project.

**RESIDENT OF FREE PORT LAUNCHED COAL TRANSPORTATION COMPANY ON SAKHALIN**

“Servis-Integrator Sakhalin”, an FPV resident, began comprehensive works in transporting coal from the Solntsevskiy mine to the coal sea port Shakhtersk, Uglegorskoy District, Sakhalin Region. The investor purchased 12 dump trucks and six dump carriers for the project. The project will bring in RUB 106 m in investments.

**KHABAROVSK TERRITORY**

**RESIDENT OF “NIKOLAEVSK” ASEZ NEAR COMPLETION OF FIRST STAGE OF CONSTRUCTION AND EXPLORATION OF GOLD ORE DEPOSIT**

“NGK Resurs”, a resident of the “Nikolaevsk” ASEZ, is planning to launch the first stage of their investment project “Construction of a gold mining plant on “Polyanka” deposit.” They have already cleared the platform, assembled a pier on Amur, laid dirt roads on the platform and a dirt road from the pier to the platform, installed auxiliary facilities. The total cost of the project is RUB 1.7 bn.

**RESIDENT OF “KHABAROVSK” ASEZ WORKING ON COMPREHENSIVE RECOVERY AND RECYCLING PROGRAMME FOR ORGANIC WASTE**

“Ekstrudirovannie Korma”, a resident of the “Khabarovsk” ASEZ, is about to complete the zero stage of the complex for organic waste disposal, extruded feed manufacture, and a cinerarium for cattle. During the first stage, the resident is going to build two module plants for disposal of organic and medical waste. At the second stage, they are planning to produce extruded cattle feed from biological raw materials. Investments in the project amount to about RUB 46 m, and 18 new jobs will be created.

**CHUKOTKA AUTONOMOUS AREA**

**RESIDENT OF “BERINGOVSKY” ASEZ STARTS MINING GOLD**

“Vostok”, a resident of the “Beringovsky” ASEZ, started developing a placer gold mine in the Anadyr District, Chukotka Autonomous Area. The ASEZ resident invested RUB 21 m in purchasing a tractor with bulldozer equipment, a lorry and a loader. The deposit is estimated at 377 kg of gold. The works on the lot are scheduled for the next 15 years.

**REPUBLIC OF SAKHA (YAKUTIA)**

**RESIDENT OF ASEZ “INDUSTRIALNY PARK KANGALASSY” OPENS A PET PREFORM SHOP**

Sakhaplastekh, the resident of the ASEZ “Industrialny Park Kangalassy”, has built and commissioned a PET preform production chain in Yakutsk. According to the calculations, the total annual demand from local beverage producers for PET containers in Yakutsk is more than 18 m PET preforms per year. When it reaches its designed capacity, Sakhaplastekh will produce 8.4 m PET preforms annually. The project costs RUB 29 m.
Aleksandr Kozlov:
«Our task is to create maximally comfortable conditions for investors»

The Minister of the Russian Federation on development of the Far East spoke about the main expectations from the Eastern Economic Forum 2018

— Aleksandr, which results can the Ministry for Development of the Russian Far East show at the Fourth Eastern Economic Forum? What is the development trend like for the ASEZ and the FPV? What key investment agreements will be signed during the event?

— The trend isn’t bad. A year ago, before the Eastern Economic Forum 2017, there were 454 residents in the Far-Eastern ASEZs and the FPV. Now this number has nearly tripled. The amount of jobs created has almost doubled.

The key moment here is that at the moment 134 new enterprises are already releasing their production in the Far East, and by September we expect the launch of another 11 enterprises. A year ago at the third EEF, President Vladimir Putin launched five Far-Eastern enterprises, increasing the number of production facilities opened to 51. Within the year, we have witnessed nearly three-fold growth of the number of new production facilities in the Far East.

Taking into consideration the agreements which are to be signed at the EEF-2018, it promises to be quite fruitful. The companies which are going to sign the agreements will be named at the Forum. Thanks to these agreements, investments will enter the transport-logistics sphere of the Far-East, the gas-chemical complex, minerals extraction and processing, agriculture, deep wood processing and other industries.

— No doubt that it will be the plenary session EEF-2018 with the participation of President Vladimir Putin. Leaders from China, Japan and the Republic of Korea have been invited to the Forum. These countries are the leading economies of the Asia-Pacific Region. China, according to one estimate — GDP level, — is the second largest economy in the world and according to another — PPP — is the first. The Far East today is becoming the centre of collaboration between these states; the largest joint projects are being implemented here.

— Which enterprises will be launched directly at the Forum?

— That issue is currently being discussed; a range of Far-Eastern enterprises are in a state of high readiness for launch. It is important not only to cut the ribbon or press the start button; it is necessary for the production to actually start working, to start producing. As I have mentioned before, at the previous EEF five enterprises were launched. This year we are expecting around the same amount.

— Will the feature of this EEF become a presentation of some new tools for supporting investors? Which ones?

— Traditionally, the Eastern Economic Forum has been a platform for demonstrating new tools for the support of investors. At EEF-2018, for instance, an electronic service for the distribution of sites for cultivating aquaculture will be presented. At our stand «Make business in the Far East» (building A, 6th level) in the zone of the Foundation of the Development of the Far East, guests and participants of the Forum will be able to see how it works.

The Internet service is intended to make the procedure of distributing sites for aquaculture as fast and clearly as possible. The time from the choice of the site to the signing of the contract will be more than halved: from 180 days to 80 days.
The investor will have to just click on the interactive map four times to shape the necessary boundaries of a fish-breeding site and then pass four stages: apply online for the creation of a site at the Russian Federal Agency for Fishery, take part in online bidding, sign an electronic agreement for the use of the site, develop the site.

I’d like to note that the first online bidding was held on July 17, and it showed a high interest of business in this service. The sites were sold at a price many times higher than the starting price. The second stage started on August 3 and will continue until September 13. Over this period, 45 sites are expected to be sold.

The Far East and especially the south of our region is capable of producing dozens of millions of tons of aquaculture per year. However, so far only 63 thousand hectares of water area out of 60 million hectares is available. That is a tenth part. The problem is that there has been no full map for the development of aquaculture for a long time. Now the full list of water areas of the seas of the Far Eastern fish farming area available for mariculture is about to be completed. Once the document is finished, it will be published on the website of the Ministry for Development of the Russian Far East.

— Which of the most important expectations of investors from the last Forum have already been met? Are you awaiting any interesting initiatives from business in this EEF?

— Modern legislation of the Far East, namely the economic block, has been developed taking into account investor interests. Business has made its proposals, and the best world practices have been considered. A vivid example is the «grandfather clause», a law according to which tax assets for the investors of ASEZ and the FPV are left unchanged for 10 years from the moment of their acquisition of residency status. The decision was announced during the previous EEF by President Vladimir Putin, and certainly it was passed taking into consideration investor initiatives.

At the Fourth Eastern Economic Forum, an electronic investor account in the project support system will also be presented. The account aims at shortening the distance between the ASEZ/FPV resident and various governmental structures, including tax and supervising authorities. Instead of visiting hundreds of institutions they get only one window, a personal account, for feedback and support.

As for the new initiatives of the Far Eastern investors, we will no doubt hear some. EEF is an excellent platform for this.

— What has changed over the past year in the legislative base which governs the speedy development of the Far East? What legislative novelties can we expect?

— Our objective is to create maximum comfortable conditions for investors. That said, we cannot do anything that will last forever. The world is changing, and the preferential treatments of countries in the Asia-Pacific Region are improving. We should keep paces with the times. I have already mentioned the grandfather clause. Apart from this law, four more have been adopted, as well as 20 regulations of the Russian Government. These are such important and popular laws as issuing electronic visas at the international airports of the Far East and changes to the Russian Forestry Code concerning the improvement of the procedure of providing sites. A series of resolutions of the Russian government has expanded some ASEZs. This was at the initiative of investors who have come to the Far East to implement their projects.

Concerning the new changes in the legislation. A law according to which a free hectare of land in the Far East will be available for expats who decide to return to their homeland has passed the first reading in the State Duma.

By the end of 2020, we will have completed the construction and reconstruction of 197 social objects

A bill which simplifies the procedure of providing sites to FPV residents has been brought to the Russian Government. The investors are looking forward to it. Also a government bill providing for interest rate subsidies for ASEZ/FPV residents has been prepared. At the end, the loan will only cost the investor 1%.

— How are you going with the work on the implementation of plans of social-economic development of the «points of growth» in the Far Eastern Federal District, and how many new objects are going to be delivered in the near future?

— The work is moving fast. The Far East today is turning into a huge construction site. By the end of 2020, we will have completed the construction and reconstruction of 197 objects. Among those are kindergartens, schools, hospitals, sports and entertainment centres, communal infrastructure. All this has been long awaited by the local residents. The funds for these purposes have been allocated from the Federal budget, and they have already started entering the regions. Work is beginning this year on 163 objects.

Our objective is to do everything possible to have the objects delivered on time without compromising on quality. That is why we are supervising the whole process from beginning to end. Along with the regions, we have developed scheduled plans where the deadlines are clearly stated. At all the construction sites, CCTV cameras will be installed.

— What is the trend like for granting the Far Eastern hectares so far? Will any new mechanisms for supporting the participants of the programme be presented at the EEF?

— For the moment, these are the figures: 43.9 thousand sites have been granted, and in addition 7 thousand applications have received a positive response. Certainly these figures are changing by the day. People get the land in the Far East free and fast; the processing time for the application is 33 days. Anyone who has ever dealt with land in our country knows that this process can take a very long time, and here it only takes a month.

People take the land to make their life dreams come true, dreams about their own house, agricultural and tourist business. According to the Agency for Human Capital Development in the Russian Far East, the majority of applicants name these as their main purposes.

We will draw conclusions on the results of the implementation of law on the Far-Eastern Hectare during the Eastern Economic Forum and will set new objectives.

— What novelties can the EEF guests expect in the social programme?

— The EEF-2018 social programme promises to be very intensive. Its participants will include the Primorsky Stage of the Mariinsky Theatre with the premiere of the opera «The Tsar’s Bride» on the music of a famous Russian composer Nikolai Rimsky-Korsakov, the museum of V.K. Arsenyev and the Primorsky Art Gallery. During the Forum days an interesting exhibition will take place — a joint project of the museums of the Moscow Kremlin and the Primorsky museum named after V.K. Arsenyev, devoted to the phenomenon of Russia as the biggest State. Also it is worth visiting a Russian-Japanese photo exhibition, which will take place as part of the bilateral year of Russia and Japan.

While the Forum is running, the Coastal Capital will hold a festival of street art «Vladivostok — the city of the future». Also it is important to note that creative groups from all over the Far East will perform on the city stages. Participants and guests of EEF-2018 will be able to see all the diversity of our region.
At the fourth EEF, the most significant investment projects of the Far East are being represented, as per tradition

The presentation of the best investment projects of the Far East has already become a tradition of the Eastern Economic Forum (EEF). Annually, during the competitive selection by the Ministry for the Development of the Far East, the most significant and interesting initiatives of investors are determined. In making the selection, the following criteria will be considered: the stage of project implementation, its importance for the development of the regional economy, the use of new technologies in the project and, accordingly, the creation of new high-tech jobs.

An important criterion was also the support of investor actions by authorities of different levels – the availability of letters of recommendation. For the first time in the course of the selection, the construction of social infrastructure was taken into account during the implementation of the project – this is a new focus in the development of the Far East, and this year, the federal budget began allocating serious funds for the modernisation of social facilities in "centres of growth" throughout the Far Eastern Federal District.

In 2018, according to the data of the Ministry for the Development of the Far East, 179 applications were made by the initiators of the projects. The largest number of applications was made by the Republic of Sakha (Yakutia) – 52. The top three also included the Khabarovsk Territory (31 applications) and the Primorye Territory (30 applications). Most of the projects are related to the tourism industry, agriculture, transport and logistics.

In addition to the presentation of investment projects, a live presentation of the governor or the deputy governor from each region will be arranged on site, who will talk about the main vectors of development of its constituent entity, the steps towards investors and funding of key projects. At the same event, presentations of the best projects will take place – the winners of the "Far Eastern Hectare" ideas and projects contest and the projects from EMBA FEFU graduates. Throughout the EEF, the presentation area will work on the 6th floor of Building A: from 10:00 to 17:00 on 11 September, from 10:00 to 14:00 on 12 September and from 10:00 to 12:00 on 13 September.

It should be noted that last year 148 projects were submitted to the Ministry for the Development of the Far East. The greatest activity was then shown by investors from the Primorye Territory. As a result of the competitive selection, 32 most significant projects for the Far East were identified.
**Presentation of Investment Projects**

**Methanol production facility**

*Investor:* Technoleasing OJSC  
*Project objective:* creation of a methanol production facility with capacity of 1 million tons per year  
*Region:* Amur Region, Skovorodino  
*Project description:* The project is implemented on the basis of the existing oil terminal. Maximum use of the existing infrastructure and the preservation of jobs are envisaged. The budgetary effect of the project up to 2030 exceeds RUB 10 bn; the contribution to the regional GRP is more than RUB 70 bn. More than 200 jobs will be created.  
*Investments:* RUB 44 bn

**Amur GPP**

*Investor:* Gazprom Pererabotka Blagoveshchensk LLC  
*Project objective:* Construction of the Amur gas processing plant  
*Region:* Amur Region  
*Project description:* The Amur GPP will become the largest natural gas processing enterprise in Russia and the second largest in the world. Its design capacity is up to 42 billion cubic metres of gas per year. The GPP will also include the world’s largest production of helium — up to 60 million cubic metres per year. The peak of construction work will be in 2019–2020.  
*Investments:* RUB 948 bn

**Factory for the production of wooden toys**

*Investor:* Eco Toys LLC  
*Project objective:* production of children’s educational toys made of wood  
*Region:* Primorye Territory, Chuguevka village  
*Project description:* the enterprise is aimed at creating and promoting a recognisable Russian brand of eco-friendly toys made of natural wood Kubi Dubi in the world market and a gradual replacement of imported toys in the Russian market. The company already employs 50 people  
*Investments:* RUB 0.536 bn

**Centre for proton-beam therapy**

*Initiative:* Khabarovsk Territory government  
*Project objective:* creation of a centre for proton-beam therapy  
*Region:* Khabarovsk Territory, Khabarovsk  
*Project description:* The project envisages the enlargement of the existing nuclear medicine centre in the Khabarovsk Territory, the development and provision of access to high-tech medical care for oncological patients. The construction of the center is planned for 2019–2022.  
*Investments:* RUB 5.7 bn
Region with a Golden Hue
Prospects for a more efficient development of the Far East rich natural resources to be discussed at EEF

Historically, the mining industry is a key segment of the Far East economy. Mineral reserves are significant on a scale of entire Asia-Pacific Region: 57% of fresh water, 52% of gold, 27% of gas and 17% of oil are centered here. On a scale of Russia, one third of the national reserves of gold and silver, one fourth of tungsten, 100% of boron reserves and over 90% of tin reserves are found in the Far East. All region’s territorial entities have coal fields with various ranks of coal. And the world’s largest diamond-bearing province with over 80% of all Russian reserves of this precious stone is located here as well.

Totally, over 4 thousand deposits are registered as a state asset of the Far East; over 800 of them are exploited by 25 kinds of mineral resources. A developed transport infrastructure comprised of operating gas pipeline and those under construction, as well as oil pipeline and two rail mainlines coming to the ports make the Far East resources accessible to broad markets of Asia: China, Japan and Republic of Korea. Resources are mined in the region by not only Russia’s largest companies, but also by foreign companies from Canada, Great Britain, USA, China, India.

In 2017 alone, a number of large processing enterprises were commissioned in the Far East. The Kimkano-Sutarsky mining and refining facility that processes iron ores of the Kimkan and Sutar deposits was brought into service in Jewish Autonomous Region. Currently, annual productive capacity of the mining and refining facility is 10 m tons of ore and 3.2 m tons of high-quality iron-ore concentrate containing 65% of iron.

During the Third Eastern Economic Forum, two gold-mining enterprises were commissioned: The CG Gold Tatyn Mine at the Drazhnoye gold ore deposit in Yakutia that got the state support for infrastructure construction, and the PJSC Polyus mining and smelting complex in the Magadan Region is the largest gold-processing plant in Russia and one of the largest ones in the world. The plant is expected to process annually over 10 m tons of ore and produce 13 m tons of gold (5% of all-Russian production volume).

In December 2017, construction of the Kolmar Inglishinskaya-2 ore mining and processing plant began at the Yuzhnyaya Yakutia Advanced Special Economic Zone. Capacity of two production cycles is 12 m tons of coal per year. In April 2018, Kolmar already put into operation its first plant in the Yuzhnyaya Yakutia Advanced Special Economic Zone – the Denisovsky mining and refining facility with a capacity of 6 m tons of coal per year. At the same time the company is building a coal terminal in Muchke bay in Khabarovsk Territory with a capacity of 12 m tons.

Besides, for the first time in history the joint Russian and Indian gem cutting facility was established at the Far East as a result of measures of state support and the Free Port state in Vladivostok. The diamond cutting factory was established by KGK Group, a Free Port resident. Monthly, the factory processes up to 9 thousand ct of raw diamonds bought from Russia’s largest diamond miner – Yaktutia-based ALROSA.
MINISTRY FOR THE DEVELOPMENT OF THE RUSSIAN FAR EAST

At the exhibition stand of the Ministry for the Development of the Russian Far East, the EEF participants will have a chance to learn more about investment opportunities in mining and processing mineral resources that the Far East offers to the investors. It is precisely mineral developers who contribute greatly to the accumulated investments of the ASEZ residents and Free Port of Vladivostok. Several advanced special economic zones at once including Amuro-Khasyrganskaya, Yuzhnaya Yakutia, and Beringovsky are aimed at working with them.

The largest projects in mining industry:
- Mining and refining facility at the Natalkinsky gold deposit
- Development of gold mining in Selendzhinsky District of Amur Region
- Diamond-mining enterprise at the Verkhne-Munskoye deposit
- Construction of the Inaglinsky mining and refining facility in Yuzhnaya Yakutia

MINISTRY OF NATURAL RESOURCES AND ENVIRONMENT OF RUSSIA

The exposition of the Ministry of Natural Resources and Environment of Russia will show opportunities for investors and results of implemented projects in the processing of natural resources in the Far East. Guests can have a look at the interactive map of natural resources, including the Minerals section featuring maps of mineralogical zoning, promising geological areas, mineral resources and their types – hydrocarbons, solid minerals, metals and non-metals. The map will be presented in the Russian, English, Chinese, Japanese and Korean languages.

MINISTRY OF INDUSTRY AND TRADE OF RUSSIA

The exhibition stand of the Ministry of Industry and Trade of Russia will present projects that are being performed or will be performed soon at the Far East FD. Among them there are: development of the Topolikhinsky area of the Soyuznoye graphite deposit and construction of the mining and refining facility (Jewish Autonomous Region), construction of the Ametistovy mining and refining facility (Kamchatka Territory), construction of the ore mining and smelting facility of the Ozernovsky deposit (Kamchatka Territory), construction of the mining and refining facility to develop the Pravourmiyskoye tin deposit (Khabarovsk Territory).

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The Far East has got impressive competitive advantages for projects in oil and gas processing: the region accounts for 27% of the gas reserves and 17% of the oil reserves of the Asian-Pacific Region. According to the strategy of expanding the energy industry in Russia, gas extraction in the Far East will grow almost by 2.5 times by 2035 and reach 80 bn cubic metres per year, oil extraction – by 70%, up to 118 m tons.

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**Products Instead of Raw Materials**

Progress of APR-oriented oil and gas processing projects of the Far East

The Far East has got impressive competitive advantages for projects in oil and gas processing: the region accounts for 27% of the gas reserves and 17% of the oil reserves of the Asian-Pacific Region. The operating costs are low, there is access to sea ports, major markets of the APR are all nearby, first and foremost, China, which is increasing its import of hydrocarbons each year. According to the strategy of expanding the energy industry in Russia, gas extraction in the Far East will grow almost by 2.5 times by 2035 and reach 80 bn cubic metres per year, oil extraction – by 70%, up to 118 m tons.

The oil reserves of the Far East exceed 1.3 bn tons. Several companies are working in extracting them, including “Gazprom”, the leader of the Russian market. The operating oil pipeline “East Siberia–Pacific Ocean” with a capacity of 50 m tons/year and ending in the Kozmino Bay can be expanded up to 80 m tons/year. According to “Transneft”, a little over 38 m tons will be exported to China via ESPO in 2018. The main supplier of oil to China is “Rosneft” which signed three long-term agreements with China National Petroleum Corporation (CNPC).

“Rosneft” proposes building the Eastern Petrochemical Centre (EPCC) in the Far East to process oil, in partnership with the Chinese ChemChina. The first stage of the facility located in Nakhodka (Primorye Territory) implies up to 12 m tons of oil processed a year. The second stage will produce petrochemicals from 3.4 m tons of raw materials a year. At first, the facility will produce petroleum, diesel fuel, kerosene and bunker fuel for export to the countries of the APR. As of now, “Rosneft” has got three petrochemical plants – in the Samara Region, East Siberia and the Republic of Bashkortostan. In 2017, they processed more than 2.3 m tons of raw materials and manufactured 2 m tons of produce.

“Gazprom” is concerned with processing gas reserves in the eastern parts of the country. The company has got licenses on 37 deposits of gas on licensed lots in

**INDUSTRY:**

**OIL AND GAS SPHERE**

**DISCUSSIONS**

- “PROCESSING OF OIL AND GAS: CREATING A NEW INDUSTRIAL CLUSTER”
  - Does a problem of hydrocarbon deposits exist in the FEFD? What are the issues of integrating into the production chains of the APR petrochemical markets? Can developing this industry slow down its dependency on foreign technologies? What are the prospects of eliminating the identified barriers?

- “RUSSIA, SOUTH AND NORTH KOREAS: FUTURE OF NEW ECONOMIC AREA FOR COOPERATION?”
  - What are the requirements for gas procurement to the Republic of Korea with regard to the market price of gas? What is the mechanism for hedging risks of building infrastructure via the DPRK territory and other risks related to international financial agencies?
East Siberia and Far East, with a total volume of more than 5.7 trillion cubic metres. In 2017, the largest operating deposits in Sakhalin provided 11.5 m tons of liquefied natural gas. "Gazprom" exported 3.3 m tons of liquefied natural gas, of which 38% to Japan, 18% to China, 12% to Taiwan, 8% to the Republic of Korea. The existing pipelines are 1.8 thousand km long and make it possible to transport gas from deposits in Sakhalin only as far as the Khabarovsk Territory and the south of Primorye. The pipeline "Sila Sibiri" with a total length of 3 thousand km is currently under construction. It will connect the Amur Region to the deposits in Yakutia and the Irkutsk Region and secure gas procurements across Amur. The tests of the first stage of the pipeline are scheduled for 2019.

The Amur Gas Processing Plant is constructed in the Amur Region specially for the needs of "Sila Sibiri." It will have the largest capacity among gas processing plants in Russia and the second largest in the world. The designed capacity of the plant is 42 bn cubic metres a year. It will have six processing lines, two of them are set for commissioning in 2021. Once the facility is launched, it will export propane and butane (up to 1.5 m tons a year) and helium (up to 60 m cubic metres a year) to the countries of the APR.

In May 2018, at the Saint Petersburg Economic Forum, "SIBUR" holding signed a long-term agreement with "Gazprom" for the procurement of ethane fraction from the Amur gas-processing plant. The company is planning to implement the project of the Amur gas chemical facility in the Amur Region, with a capacity of 1.5 m tons of ethylene a year, to be further processed into polymer products. "ESN" group also announced a project related to processing the raw materials of "Sila Sibiri." They propose building a methanol synthesis facility in Skvorodkino, Amur Region, with a capacity of 1 m tons a year. According to the plan, a part of its produce will also be exported to the APR.

Thus, the prospects of the oil and gas industry are closely connected to the construction of processing facilities in the Far East. This is caused by the rapidly expanding economies of countries in the Asian-Pacific Region and the growing market for oil and gas products. Three advanced special economic zones of the Far East (Svobodny, Priamurskaya, and Neftekhimichesky) offer preferential treatment for companies willing to invest in oil and gas processing.

**MINISTRY FOR THE DEVELOPMENT OF THE RUSSIAN FAR EAST**

At the stand of the Ministry for the Development of the Russian Far East, the visitors of the forum can learn about investment opportunities in the oil and gas processing industry.

At the moment, 12 projects in this area use government support. Two advanced special economic zones were created specifically for the projects in oil and gas processing – Svobodny ASEZ (Amur Region) and Neftekhimichesky ASEZ (Primorye Territory).

The stand will also contain information about a comprehensive approach to building social infrastructure in Svobodny, designed specially for the gas chemical projects implemented in the region. Experts of the Agency for Human Capital Development in the Russian Far East will talk about the process of finding professionals for the projects.

The largest oil and gas processing projects of the Far East:
- Amur gas-processing plant (Amur Region)
- Petrochemical centre in Primorye Territory (EPCC)
- Mineral fertiliser plant in Nakhodka
- Methanol production facility with a capacity of 1 m tons in the Amur Region

**MINISTRY OF INDUSTRY AND TRADE OF RUSSIA**

At the stand of the Ministry of Industry and Commerce of Russia, the visitors of the EEF will be able to learn about a number of projects related to the development of chemical industry in the Far East. The Ministry supports the construction of the Amur gas-processing plant and the liquefied hydrogen production centre in the Magadan Region.

**CORPORATE STANDS AND COMPANY OFFICES**

**STREET OF THE RUSSIAN FAR EAST**

**PAVILION OF THE AMUR REGION**

Find the LED wall titled «Gas Chemical Cluster» in the exposition at the pavilion of the Amur Region. Gazprom’s project of the Amur gas-processing plant is one of the largest in the past decades in terms of investment volume. During peaks of construction, it will involve up to 15,000 people. An entire neighbourhood for 5,000 residents will be built in Svobodny specially for the needs of the project, including apartment complexes, a hospital, kindergarten, school, sports centre and a recreation centre.
THE FAR EAST IS 43% OF THE FOREST FUND LAND AND ABOUT A QUARTER OF THE RUSSIAN TIMBER RESERVES. 45% OF THE RESERVES ARE IN YAKUTIA, 25% IN THE Khabarovsk Territory and 10% in the Amur Region. The leading importer of raw timber from Russia is China. 53% of the total volume of Russian roundwood exports for 2017 went to China’s market.

The Far East of Russia is 43% of the total forest area’s land and about a quarter of the Russian timber reserves. 45% of the reserves are in Yakutia, 25% in the Khabarovsk Territory, 10% in the Amur Region. Most of the exploitable forests of the Far East consist of coniferous species, primarily larch trees. China is the leading importer of raw timber from Russia: 53% of the total volume of Russian roundwood exports for 2017 went to the Chinese market. The demand for sawn timber and other products of timber processing is growing in the countries of the Asia-Pacific Region (APR), such as Japan, India and South Korea.

With that, the Far East has unique opportunities to meet this demand, as it has the richest resource base, the availability of logistic channels like the Baikal-Amur and Trans-Siberian railway lines, and access to the ports of the Sea of Japan. All this shows that the timber industry is one of the most promising ones in the Far East. According to the Ministry of Industry and Trade, the total revenue of enterprises of the timber industry complex of the Far Eastern Federal District is estimated at RUB 46 bn.

Investments in deep wood processing are extremely important for the development of the timber industry complex. The construction of a pulp and paper plant is a key project in the Far East in the mid-term, which will be able to solve the problem of inefficiently used resources, involving low-grade timber and balances in production. The first enterprise like this with a capacity of 700 thousand cubic metres should appear on the Komsomolsk (Amursk) advanced special economic zone (ASEZ). It is a site which preserved the external infrastructure of the Amur pulp and cardboard plant that closed in 1994. The China Chengtong Holdings Group will be the investor: a pulp and paper plant should be built at the first stage, and at the second one there should be a full cycle production, including paper and cardboard production. The production of fuel pellets are also promising projects for the Far East: the volumes should grow from 70 thousand tons in 2016 to 1.4 million tons in 2030. According to the plans of the Ministry of Industry and Trade, the largest enterprises of the Far Eastern Federal District for mechanical wood processing will be consolidated into a timber cluster, which will account for more than 40% of the logging site and 70% of the installed timber processing capacities. The integration of the pulp and paper plant into the timber cluster will help to stabilise the balance of raw materials and maximise the added value per cubic metre of the forest fund. The pulp and paper plant will become one of the three largest timber industry companies in Russia after completing the integration and the production output at planned capacity. By 2030, the total revenue of the timber industry enterprises in the Far Eastern Federal District will reach RUB 122 bn in 2016 prices.

The main topic for discussion at the fourth Eastern Economic Forum will be measures for state support of investors in the timber industry complex.

**DISCUSSIONS**

1. "TIMBER INDUSTRY COMPLEX OF THE FAR EAST: INCREASING THE ECONOMIC RETURNS OF THE INDUSTRY"
   - How to increase the economic efficiency of forest development projects in remote areas? How to increase the amount of investment per 1 ha of forest?

2. "ADDRESSED INFRASTRUCTURE SUPPORT FOR BUSINESS: WHAT’S NEXT?"
   - Starting 2019, a new instrument for infrastructure support will be launched: the reimbursement of the investors’ expenses for the creation of engineering and social infrastructure for new production facilities at the expense of future taxes. How will the instrument work? What risks does business see?

3. "WILDLIFE PROTECTION IN THE FAR EAST"
   - Participants of the session will discuss the development of protected natural territories in the Far Eastern Federal District.
The Republic of Sakha (Yakutia), the Amur Region, the Khabarovsk and Primorsky Territories are the leaders in forest reserves in the Far East. Investment projects in the forestry sector are being implemented in each of these regions today. Representatives of the pavilions of these regions will speak more about the projects.

PAVILIONS OF THE FAR EASTERN REGIONS

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“NATURE RESERVES OF THE FAR EAST”

At the «Far East Wildlife Sanctuary» pavilion of the Ministry of Natural Resources, you can get acquainted with the technologies of nature protection, including the protection of unique Far Eastern ecosystems. The pavilion allows you to see fantastic landscapes that are under state protection.
Investment in growth

Participants of the Eastern Economic Forum will discuss agriculture as a source of high profits and a driver for the developing export of the Far East.

But not only the agrarians of the Amur Region and Primorye Territory are demonstrating success. In the last few years, large pig farms, dairy farms, and greenhouses have been actively built throughout the Far East. Investors who believe in the high potential of the Far Eastern agriculture, despite the fact that it is considered a high-risk industry, fully use the various options of state support, including preferences provided by the advanced special economic zones (ASEZs) and the Free Port of Vladivostok (FPV). Business negotiations within the framework of the 4th Eastern Economic Forum will play an important role in attracting investors to the agroindustrial complex.

The Far East is attractive for investment due to its favourable agroclimatic conditions for growing soybeans, corn, wheat, rice, barley and rapeseed. The low level of provision of the region with its own products (meat – 29%, milk – 27%, vegetables – 52%) opens the internal market for producers, and the geographical proximity to the largest food importers in the Asia-Pacific Region countries that annually import agricultural products worth hundreds of billions of dollars, ensures the possibility of further penetration into foreign markets.

As of today, there are already three ASEZs in the Far East with an agricultural specialisation: Mikhailovskiy in the Primorye Territory, Belogorsk in the Amur Region and Yuzhnaya in the Sakhalin Region. ASEZs managed to attract large groups of companies to the agroindustrial complex: Rusagro and Mercy Agro from Russia, as well as TH True Milk from Vietnam. Enterprises are starting to work with deep processing of agricultural products (e.g. to produce soybean extracts). A modest contribution to the increase in agricultural production is also being made by the far Eastern Hectare programme, which makes it possible for all cit-
izens of Russia to establish their own enterprises on land plots that were once unclaimed.

Today, there are more than 8 million hectares of agricultural land in the Far East. Experts believe that in the next five years, the agroindustrial potential of the Far East will allow domestic food production to meet the annual demand, and then to export products to the countries of the Asia-Pacific Region. Logistical costs of such supplies will be minimal: delivery from Vladivostok to Shanghai (China) takes five days, and your cargo will be delivered to Busan (Republic of Korea) within three days.

However, for this purpose it is necessary to solve a number of problems, including the expansion of export capabilities of ports in the Far East and the popularisation of Russian products in Asian markets. Today, trade and economic cooperation with Asia is limited to a small number of goods. A number of barriers, including sanitary prohibitions, quota restrictions, lack of infrastructure and sales channels are impeding full realisation of the investment, trade and economic potential of cooperation between the Russian Far East and countries of the Asia-Pacific Region. Many Asian countries, especially China, currently prohibit the import of certain categories of food from Russia in order to support local producers. However, Russian products are very popular because it is organically produced without the use of chemicals, so it will inevitably conquer more and more new markets. The most important issues for the agricultural sector will be discussed in the framework of several sessions of the business agenda of the Eastern Economic Forum.

The Sakhalin Region invites guests of the EEF to taste their own milk drinks served by a robot bartender. In addition, residents of Yuzhnyaya ASEZ that produce a wide range of agricultural products will also offer to try their delicacies.

The booth of the Ministry for the Development of the Russian Far East will give the participants of the EEF a detailed explanation of the investment opportunities in the field of agriculture, which dozens of major enterprises are already using. In addition to tax benefits and administrative preferences of ASEZs and the Free Port of Vladivostok, the current legislation makes it possible to receive compensations (up to 30%) for direct costs incurred for constructing and modernising facilities of the agroindustrial complex, as well as subsidies for reimbursement of the interest rate on investment loans.

The largest projects in agriculture:
- Rusagro pig-breeding complex in Primorye Territory
- TH True Milk livestock complex and dairy factory
- Primorsky Bekon pig-breeding complex in Primorye
- Soybean deep-processing factory in the Jewish Autonomous Region
- Soybean deep-processing factory in the Amur Region

The exposition of the Ministry of Agriculture of the Russian Federation will demonstrate the investment potential of the agroindustrial complex of the Far Eastern regions and export opportunities of agricultural enterprises of the Far Eastern Federal District (FEFD). EEF participants will be able to get acquainted with the largest investment projects of the FEFD entities, the main consumption trends in the Asia-Pacific Region and the dynamics of exports of agricultural products. In addition, it will be possible to taste domestic products of the Far East.

The agricultural sector will also be presented in the exposition of the Kemerovo Region which is a guest of the EEF. The natural wealth of the region is not limited to minerals because the agricultural potential is also very significant. Visitors to the pavilion are welcomed to try farm products from Kemerovo.

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INDUSTRY:

FISHING INDUSTRY

Industry Indicators:
In 2017, fishers caught almost 4.8 m tons of biological resources in Russia. Of which 3.11 m tons out were caught in the Far Eastern basin. Traditionally, Kamchatka Territory holds the record in volumes of catch.

1.2 M TONS of biological resources were caught in Kamchatka in 2017

2 M TONS of fish products per year are processed in Far East Federal District

Investors are getting the right to fish

The development of fishing, fish processing and aquaculture at the Far East are to be one of headlines of the Eastern Economic Forum

DISCUSSIONS

1 “FISHERIES SECTOR: NEW CHALLENGES”
How to reduce administrative barriers that prevent projects from being performed? How to reduce the number of intermediary countries in the chain of fish processing?

2 “AQUACULTURE: FIRST STEPS IN DIGITALISATION OF INDUSTRY MANAGEMENT”
How to solve the question of providing land for creating a shore base by aquaculture enterprises? How to simplify the procedure for gaining environmental approval for aquaculture?

3 “WORLD’S OCEAN: LIMITLESS RESOURCES”
How to learn to properly estimate these resources and how to learn to use them efficiently? What needs to be done to keep and multiply the rich resources that we have?

In 2017, Russian fishermen caught the largest volume of biological resources for the last twenty five years – almost 4.8 m tons. Of which 3.11 m tons out were caught in the Far Eastern basin. Traditionally, Kamchatka Territory holds the record in volumes of catch. In 2017, over 1.2 m tons of biological resources were caught there – this is over 25% of all-Russian caught and about 40% of the Far Eastern.

The Far Eastern seas still have the potential: according to scientists, over recent years it is possible to catch 3-4.5 m tons of water biological resources in the Far Eastern basin, and about 75% of them account for fish, 10-15% – for molluscs. The Far East produces over 2 m tons of fish products per year: one part of the catch is exported as raw materials; another part is processed. However, current numbers are far from the maximum limit, and the sector has a considerable potential for growth.

In 2018, Russian Government agreed on the principle of providing investors with the “investment quotas” – approved shares of biological resources to be caught that are granted to enterprises which had announced investment projects aimed at constructing fish processing facilities at the shore or fishery vessels at Russian shipyards. For the first time in history, quotas will be fixed with a nominee not for 10 years but for 15 years. This will allow enterprises to plan long-term investments, which is to result in more efficient management of nature.

24 projects were permitted to take part in the auction for the Far East fish resources, with 10 of them foreseeing construction of new vessels, 14 – construction of new fish processing factories. According to the Russian Federal Agency for Fishery, total investment quotas for Alaska pollack and herring are over 414,000 tons, for bottom fish – 4,900 tons of bottom fish – for construction of on-shore facilities. Later on, quotas for construction of vessels for catching crab and construction of low-displacement boats for catching Alaska pollack and herring will be distributed.

Aquaculture development will be discussed as a separate matter at the Fourth Eastern Economic Forum. The statistics states that about 0.3% of total marine production in Russian Far East accounts for aquaculture products, while the worldwide average is 54%, and in China – global aquaculture leader – it is over 70%. Only 63,000 ha out of about 2 m ha suitable for aquaculture of the Far East water area are actually used. New mechanisms of industry support and removal of administrative barrier should enable aquaculture development including the system of electronic distribution of areas for aquaculture.
MINISTRY FOR THE DEVELOPMENT OF THE RUSSIAN FAR EAST

At the exhibition stand of the Ministry for the Development of the Russian Far East, the EEF participants will have a chance to learn more about investment opportunities in fishing and fish processing that the Far East offers to the investors.

Today, 73 investment projects in fisheries and aquaculture are being already performed in the macroregion using measures of state support.

Representatives of the Ministry for the Development of the Russian Far East and Far East Investment and Export Agency (FEIA) will speak about all concessionary fares and preferences that are given to those investing in fishing as well as about specific investment projects.

FAR EAST DEVELOPMENT FUND

At the exhibition stand of the Development Fund of the Far East and Baikal Region, you can explore an overview of fund’s activities and general presentation of measures of the state support along with the development of projects, as well as get to know the online-service for aquaculture investors.

Using this service, you can define the borders of the future fish-farming area by yourself keeping in mind your own concept of its suitability, and then purchase it via the online-auction system. Experts from the fund will present features of the service and will share results of the first online-auctions of areas for aquaculture.

FEDERAL AGENCY FOR FISHERY OF THE RUSSIAN FEDERATION

The Agency is to present its exhibition stand at the Fish Market area – a traditional attraction of the Street of the Far East. The programme of area work includes presentations of fish processing companies including tasting products, culinary shows, master classes and an open kitchen of world-class masters.

PAVILIONS OF THE FAR EASTERN REGIONS

Kamchatka Territory, a record-holder in catch in Russia, will center its entire exposition around one of the most favourite Russian fish products – red caviar. A fish egg is a symbol of a new life and a symbol of the new Kamchatka, as representatives of the region put it.

At the Primorye Territory pavilion, all visitors of the exposition can use their mobile phones to see what one of the vessels that is being constructed due to investment quotas will look like.

The Sakhalin pavilion built as a bridge across the strait that so far separates the island and mainland will amaze visitors with its equipment for deep-water ultrasound researches.

CULTURAL ACTIVITIES

The riches of the Pacific Ocean can be explored during the excursion to Aquarium at the Russky Island – the third large aquarium in the world.

Vladivostok is an acknowledged centre of sea food cuisine of the Far East. Always fresh sea food, many kinds of white and red fish, laminaria, trepang, scallops, shrimps, crabs will be offered for the EEF guests at both Russky Island where forum’s main business programme will take place in the centre of Vladivostok. The Russky Island popular restaurant to taste some sea food is Novik Country Club, near the campus of Far East Federal University. You can also taste local products in the city, in the Zuma Pan-Asian restaurant, Port Cafe and many other public places.
The question of transport has always been special for the Russian Far East. It is a vital industry in the area where the distances between towns and villages are huge, in comparison with the Central Russia. Its extended network of airports, motor and railway roads, river and sea routes present a competitive advantage and high transit potential of the Far East for our neighbouring countries. The shortest routes connecting the West and the East run across this region. Constantly upgraded and accelerated, the Trans-Siberian Railway Network makes it possible to secure direct traffic flow from Europe to Asia and back. The modernisation of the Trans-Siberian Road and Baikal-Amur Mainline have a direct impact on the future of logistics in Northeast Asia.

Statistics of cargo turnover of the Far Eastern ports and railway indicate a positive trend of growth in transport. The Far Eastern railroads account for 36% exported cargo of the country. The cargo turnover of the ports of the Far East composes 26% of the entire port cargo turnover in Russia.

Starting from 2016, all checkpoints subject to the law ‘On the Free Port of Vladivostok’ switched to a 24/7 timetable; one-stop shops were introduced on the border, as well as compulsory preliminary on-line declaration of goods, ‘green corridors’ for trustworthy participants of international trade and the regime of a free customs zone for residents. These and other new additions providing seamless transaction of cargo across the border will give an impulse to the growth of the international transport corridors “Primorye-1” and “Primorye-2” and an increased amount of transit travel in the Far Eastern Federal District. The Chinese party alone estimates a potential doubling of the cargo turnover from the northeast and southeast provinces of China in the next years – up to 70 m tons. The Far East can account for a significant portion of this transit cargo turnover.

The Russian Far East is becoming one of the country’s leaders in the growth of transport and infrastructure. The region can become a Russian polygon for introducing and using new technical, organisational and economic approaches to investing in the transportation and infrastructure sector.

The place of the Far East in the cargo transportation in the Northeast Asia will become one of the focus points of the 4th EEF.
The guests of the EEF will see investment projects with demonstration opportunities in logistics. The list of FPV residents in the East of Russia will tell EEF attendees about investment opportunities in logistics. The symbolic bridge will connect the mainland and Sakhalin.

**Largest projects of the Far East in transport and logistics:**
- New coal port in the Sukhodol Bay, Primorye Territory
- Marine terminal for LHG transshipping in the Vanino port, Khabarovsk Territory
- Transport and transloading centre for coal transshipping in the Vanino port, Khabarovsk Territory
- Third stage of the coal loading centre in the Vostochny port, Primorye Territory

RUSSIAN MINISTRY OF TRANSPORT

As part of the main exposition of the Ministry of Transport, the guests of the EEF will see investment projects with demonstrated models of infrastructure objects, including a digital 3D model of the future airport terminal in Yuzhno-Sakhalinsk, new airports in Khabarovsk, Magadan and Yakutsk. Specialists of the Ministry will demonstrate the project of doubling the capacity of the hi-tech coal transshipping facility with simultaneous growth of the Nakhdoka-Vostochnaya station (in cooperation with the private investor «Vostochny Port» JSC) and development of the cross-border checkpoint «Kraskino» (Primorye Territory).

**EXPOSITION**

MINISTRY FOR THE DEVELOPMENT OF THE RUSSIAN FAR EAST

The stand of the Ministry for Development of the Far East of Russia will tell EEF attendees about investment opportunities in logistics. The list of FPV residents in the East of the country, declaring projects on modernisation of the port infrastructure and construction of new transloading terminals. Representatives of the Ministry for Development of the Far East and the Far East Investment and Export Agency (FEIA) will talk about incentives and preferences for logistics investors and give detailed information about existing investment projects. There are 245 projects in transportation and logistics currently implemented in the Far East, with total investments estimated at RUB 362 bn. The detail information concerning these projects will be presented in the area of the Far East Development Corporation.

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**CULTURAL PROGRAMME**

The sea port of Vladivostok is one of the largest transport hubs of the Far East. Thanks to the multiple viewing platforms of the city, you can observe the operation of both the port and the unique transit facilities of the capital, constructed especially for the APEC Summit 2012: the bridge across the Zolotoy Rog Bay and the bridge to the Russky Island. These two bridges, the landmarks of Vladivostok, are closed for pedestrians, and it is prohibited to stop on them in a car. However, you can marvel at these beautiful structures from afar and up close. There is a great view of the bridge to Russky Island opening from the embankment of the campus of the Far Eastern Federal University – the venue of the Eastern Economic Forum. The bridge across the Zolotoy Rog Bay runs over ulitsa Svetlanskaya, the central street of Vladivostok. You can get a full view of it from the viewing platform and several restaurants on the beach.

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Tourism is one of the most efficient and fast-growing industries in Russia. In 2018, our country welcomed more than 5 million tourists from other countries at the FIFA World Cup Championship. According to the Federal Tourism Agency, the international tourist flow in Russia has increased by 18% in the first 6 months of this year. Naturally, FIFA gave the biggest boost to the cities which organised matches. However, other cities and regions of Russia also experienced an increase in interest.

One of the key points of attraction for tourists from Asia is the Russian Far East. In the past five years, the number of tourists coming here has been growing steadily. In 2017, 5.6 million people visited the region. Investors are quickly responding to the larger flow of tourists. Expecting a growth of the hospitality industry, businesses are investing in transport infrastructure and building new hotels and tourist attractions. The government is also supporting the construction of infrastructure, among other things, by proposing tax exemptions and administrative preferences. E-Visa is another unique measure aimed at boosting tourism. It was introduced in Primorye in late August and will spread to 5 more regions of the Far East this year. The electronic visa facilitates the application process for the citizens of 18 countries who wish to visit the regions of the Far East without consular fees.

What makes the Far East attractive for tourists? First of all, people find themselves captivated by the nature which remains as pristine as it was centuries ago. The region has a number of objects from the UNESCO World Heritage Site list – the Lena Pillars, the volcanoes of Kamchatka, Sikhote-Alin and Wrangel Island. The system of specially protected territories made it possible to preserve the natural treasures and provide convenient access to the principal sites of interest. Today, the tourism industry of the Russian Far East offers outside activities to any taste: skiing, surfing, rafting, trekking, mountain climbing, hunting and fishing and much more. Expeditions and ethnocultural tourism are quite significant as well.

Large cities of the Far East draw in tourists with their history, architecture, cultural and educational events. Khabarovsk and Vladivostok have multiple popular museums, theatres, and city tours. The crown jewel of the region is the Primorskaya Stage of the Mariinsky Theatre, which regularly hosts performances with world-class stars of opera and ballet.

Major international events also attract people to the Far East. One of them is the Eastern Economic Forum, recently celebrated in Vladivostok for the 4th time. Attendees of the EEF have a great opportunity to study various aspects of the Far East’s tourism potential.

The Eastern Economic Forum will bring together the best of the Far East tourism: destinations, projects, support
The exposition ‘Nature Reserves of the Far East’ is organised by the Ministry of Natural Resources of Russia. The pavilion gives detailed information about activities for protecting nature, introduces unique plants and animals of the regions, demonstrates fantastic landscapes protected safely by the government programmes.

The cultural programme of the EEF includes tours to the most curious sites of Vladivostok, by bus and by sea. The attendees of the forum will see the Vladivostok Fortress, Russky Island, Aquarium and other objects. Besides, participants of the forum can also visit the sailing ship Nadezhda, part of the exposition of the Ministry of Transport.
The Russian Far East has experienced a deficit in many respects since the start of its development: because of its remoteness from the central part of the country, it has often lacked qualified specialists, many types of goods, services that were familiar to people living in the West of Russia, and, finally, bright events. However, the population of the Far East (only 6.1 million people as of 1 January 2018) which was small compared to the adjoining regions of Asia, also always wanted to live no worse than in other parts of Russia.

In September 2017, Russian President Vladimir Putin formulated the task for the Far East in the coming years: to increase the attractiveness of the macro-region. The strategic goal of the demographic policy of the Far East through 2025 is to stabilise the population of the Far East at 6.2 million by 2020 and increase it to 6.5 million by 2025.

Investors will be supported by social construction projects

The government has launched a program of social development of economic growth areas in the Far East

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As the sociological survey conducted by the All-Russian Public Opinion Research Center in 2017 showed, the main factors shaping the negative migratory mood of the residents of the Far East are low living standards (31%), low incomes (29%), insufficient opportunities for children’s education (21%), lack of opportunities to purchase housing (14%), insufficient places for recreation and entertainment (12%).

One of the ways to solve the objective was to allocate budgets of all levels for the development of the social infrastructure of the “centers of economic growth in the Far East”, which are “growth areas”, where investments have already arrived. A number of acute problems has accumulated in different social areas in each of the constituent entities, and the regions have lacked the means to solve them. The regions determined which residential areas are “growth areas”: 41 towns were included in the list. At the same time, two cities had an exceptional position: they have already been implementing complex development plans for several years. One of the cities is Komsomolsk-on-Amur (Khabarovsky Territory): a city of aircraft and ship builders, which is the “city of presidential attention”, and the Svobodny city (Amur Region), located near the newly launched Vostochny cosmodrome.

In total, 197 events will be financed in the Far East worth a total of RUB 55.8 bn. This money will be used to build 32 schools and kindergartens, 21 medical institutions, 7 cultural centres, 26 sports facilities along with other necessary facilities like the Kamchatka Regional Hospital, a children’s polyclinic in Bolshoy Kamen, the central district hospital in Nikolaevsk-on-Amur, the children’s regional hospital in Birobidzhan, the regional centre for the development of sports in Komsomolsk-on-Amur, a sports and recreation centre with a swimming pool in Magadan and other facilities.

**DISCUSSIONS**

1. "NATIONAL PROJECTS: PLANS FOR THE FAR EAST DEMOGRAPHY"
   How to implement special measures to achieve the goals of the national programme in the field of demographic development in the Far East?

2. "NATIONAL PROJECTS: PLANS FOR THE FAR EAST EDUCATION AND SCIENCE"
   How much financing does a national project in education and science in the Far East require?

3. "NATIONAL PROJECTS: PLANS FOR THE FAR EAST HOUSING AND URBAN ENVIRONMENT"
   What is the current state of housing and urban environment in the Far East and the gap between the average Russian key indicators?
An interactive map of the construction of social facilities in the centers of economic growth in the Far East will be presented on a separate interactive screen at the stand of the Ministry for Development in the Russian Far East. Specialists will talk about the progress of the facilities’ construction and their purpose. In general, during the period 2018-2020 197 events with a total funding of RUB 55.8 bn will be implemented. This includes the construction of 52 schools and kindergartens, 21 hospitals, 7 cultural centers, 26 sports facilities, as well as arrangements for capital repairs of social facilities, the purchase of medical equipment.

At the stand of the Ministry of Health of Russia, EEF attendees can get acquainted with the dynamics of healthcare development in general and in the Far East in particular. The Far East is showing a positive trend in terms of demographic indicators (for example, a decrease in the death rate by 3.2%, infant mortality by 12.3%, tuberculosis by 14.5%). Visitors to the stand will see exhibits of leading medical companies: samples of drugs, equipment, VR-excursions to laboratories. The stand will start a vaccination campaign against influenza, and it will be possible to do an express test for HIV.

At the AHCD (Agency for Human Capital Development in the Russian Far East; Russian) stand EEF attendees can see some infographics on solutions aimed at improving the demographic situation in the Far East, migration, the map of Old Believers settlements in the Far East and the potential for their migration to Russia. A separate exhibition area presents the «Far Eastern Hectare» programme. Here you can see the success stories of landowners, get acquainted with the typical business plans for the development of land and play an interactive video game.

Ministries of Health and Human Capital

All regions of the Far East will bring to the «Street of the Far East» exhibition national and regional creative teams that will perform a concert programme from a special stage for all EEF attendees. The Chukotka pavilion will present a dance of ice and winds this year which is a performance of artists with a 50-metre long presentation of glowing «northern lights». Yakutia will hold a cryo show and an international tournament in their national sport, mas-wrestling.

The rules of mas-wrestling are simple: to win, an athlete needs to snatch a stick from the hands of an opponent or drag him over a supporting board, on which both parties brace their feet. The fight lasts until one of the wrestlers wins in two rounds.

At the fourth EEF there will be an area for watching movies in the fresh air, sports grounds for passing the standards of TRP and morning gymnastics. In addition, there will be an international tournament for businessmen in the game of Go.
The Russian Far East is surrounded by the most capital-intensive and high-tech markets in the world. If the American stock market, which is unquestionably the largest in the world, accounts for a capitalisation of about USD 31 trillion, then the second most important ones are the Asian markets. USD 6 trillion is traded on the stock exchanges of China and Japan. The world top-10 exchanges include the Tokyo, Shanghai, Hong Kong and Shenzhen Stock Exchanges. The Bombay Stock Exchange and the National Stock Exchange of India round up the top ten of the world’s largest trading floors.

Today, the financial market of the Far East is significantly inferior to the development of both Russian markets and those in Asia-Pacific Region (APR) countries. Despite a number of unique Far Eastern products, for example, lending at 5% p.a., offered by the Far Eastern Development Fund, the average cost of borrowing for investors is 12.5%, while in Japan it is 1%, in the Republic of Korea – 3.4%, China – 4.4%. At the same time, more than 1,300 investment projects are already being implemented in the Far East, which require affordable financing on competitive terms in the APR scale.

The free port of Vladivostok can become a financial centre for the development of the whole of Russia. In August 2018, a law was signed to create a “special administrative district” on the Russian Island, an analogue of an offshore zone, where, the trade in crypto-currencies will possibly also unfold. The programme should start working this autumn.

Another important issue, besides providing investors with financing, is the development of high technologies. The United States and Japan are the world leaders in high-tech products, and China and India are steadily increasing the share of knowledge-intensive industries. According to Rosstat, following the results of 2017, the share of high-tech and science-intensive industries in the gross product of Russia amounted to 21.7%. In the Far East, it is still less than 15%, although there are a number of large companies and corporations that actively implement innovations and purposefully increase the share of high-tech products in the total output.

The creation of the “Russian” technopark is expected to change the situation on Russky island, the venue of the Eastern Economic Forum. The co-founders of the technopark are the Skolkovo Foundation and the Far Eastern Federal University. The Far East Fund for the Support of High Technologies was established by the Far Eastern Development Fund together with the Russian Venture Company and ROSNANO. These tools will make it possible to increase the share of Russia’s high-tech products in the Far East. The ceremonial opening of the “Russian” Technopark took place in the framework of the third Eastern Economic Forum. During this time, more than 30 companies from six regions of the Far East became its residents.

**DISCUSSIONS**

1. **A FINANCIAL CENTRE AND AN OFFSHORE ZONE IN THE FAR EAST**
   What new solutions for the development of the financial market will be introduced at the financial centre of the Free Port of Vladivostok? What is needed to create and evolve a cryptocurrency exchange? How effectively does the Automatic Regulation System regime protect capital?

2. **SUPPORT FOR HIGH-TECH PROJECTS IN THE FAR EAST**
   What are the prospects of creating a competitive business environment in the high-tech sector? What are priority areas of the Far East Fund for Supporting the Development of High Technologies?

3. **NATIONAL PROJECTS: PLANS FOR THE FAR EAST. EDUCATION AND SCIENCE**
   How much financing does a national project in education and science in the Far East require?
AMUR REGION

- The region’s investment map presents projects and available venues in the priority development area, and the online calculator for tax relief and preferences evaluates the profitability of doing business in the Amur Region.
- The Amur Gas and Chemical Cluster is a LED display showing the entire production chain in the Svobodny Advanced Special Economic Zone.
- The interactive digital model of an automobile bridge leading into China illustrates the opportunities for launching logistics and processing projects.
- The Amurcoin presentation introduces visitors to the emission and prospective applications of cryptocurrencies based on the Russia-made Blockchain platform.
- ‘Ice of the Amur River’ is an interactive zone open to everyone where you can rent ice skates and play hockey.

JEWISH AUTONOMOUS REGION

- The design of the Jewish Autonomous Region’s exhibition stand features Aleph, the first letter of the Jewish alphabet that symbolises independence, wealth and sustainable development. These qualities of the region are reflected in its official presentation focusing on the Jewish Autonomous Region’s economy and cultural specificities.
- The investment zone presents projects developed by the enterprises that are part of the Amuro-Khingansky Advanced Special Economic Zone, mining companies and international cooperation projects. One of them is the cross-border Nizhneleynskoye-Tongjiang bridge, which drives the development of the region’s transportation and logistics industry.
- The Laboratory of Ice of the Sholom Aleichem Amur State University displays ice-breaking technologies that are of special importance for the development of the Northern Sea Route.
- Recipients of the one-hectare plot of land share their experiences in land exploitation. Since the start of the Far East One-Hectare Project, a coniferous forest nursery, a bee-garden, bakery and taiga product manufacturing have been established in the Jewish Autonomous Region.
- Visitors can plunge into the mineral water brought to the exhibition from a thermal spring at the Kuldur Spa Resort. Primary nature and the unique mineral water are good for health, so don’t miss the opportunity to enjoy them!

KAMCHATKA TERRITORY

- Red caviar is a symbol of the Kamchatka Territory. Even the pavilion’s design resembles a fish egg.
- The ‘Tourist’ Pavilion lets you choose your personal itinerary through Kamchatka using a touch panel based on real tourists’ impressions about this region.
- The ‘Comfort’ Zone features a combined fireplace and information desk providing visitors with information about the Kamchatka Territory’s hotels and guesthouses.
- Every visitor can participate in a thematic flash mob, create their own virtual postcard and email it to themselves or to a friend.
- A LED model recreating a volcanic eruption is installed in the pavilion’s central part. All guests are in for a spectacular show.
MAGADAN REGION

■ The Magadan Region is Russia’s ‘golden heart’: over 3,000 tons of gold have been extracted here over the past 85 years. The Magadan Region’s exhibition stand will give you little-known and exciting facts about gold mining.

■ The pavilion also features the replicas of unique nuggets found in the depths of the Magadan Region such as the 16.827-kilogram ‘Gold Giant’ and the ‘Mephistopheles’, whose profile resembles that of the devil from Goethe’s Faust.

■ The augmented reality interactive map focuses on the investment potential of the entire Magadan Region.

■ Virtual reality makes it nice and easy for you to go to a bird colony on the rocks or to seals on the seashore – all you have to do is point the camera of your mobile device at the pavilion’s walls and ceiling.

■ You can explore the unique underwater world of the Sea of Okhotsk on board an interactive training bathyscaphe. The Magadan Region’s Pavilion warmly welcomes all visitors to the exhibition to embark on this exciting virtual tour.

PRIMORSKY TERRITORY

■ This year Primorsky Territory celebrates its 80th anniversary, and so its exhibition displays the very best this territory has to offer.

■ The Territory’s central ‘Sikhote-Alin’ pavilion presents the local companies’ developments, major public facilities and main economic sectors.

■ The ‘Sea’ area highlights state-of-the-art shipbuilding developments and technologies, aquaculture and fishery achievements in the Primorsky Territory.

■ The pavilion features a floor map of the Primorsky Territory with markings showing the region’s key facilities. To learn interesting facts about the region, just download the app to your mobile device.

■ Make sure to try the organic seafood from the Primorsky Territory, and join a virtual cruise on board a modern motor boat.

SAKHALIN REGION

■ A railway bridge open to high-speed cargo and passenger trains is expected to connect Sakhalin and mainland Russia by 2030. A model of the high-speed Sakhalin-Moscow train invites visitors to fancy this bright futuristic project.

■ Enterprises from the Yuzhnaya Advanced Special Economic Zone offer a wide range of agricultural products. They invite visitors to try marvellous culinary delicacies from Sakhalin.

■ The Gorny Vozdukh Ski Resort presents Children of Asia, Russia’s first international winter sports championship, to take place next February in Yuzhno-Sakhalinsk.

■ The Journey to Sakhalin and the Kuril Islands is an interactive game displaying this island region’s unique tourist destinations.

■ And here’s some more futurism at the stand: the robot barman treats everyone to milk beverages produced in Sakhalin.
SAKHAI REPUBLIC (YAKUTIA)
- Yakutia’s leading companies exhibit a stunning collection of giant diamonds. Visitors to the exhibition can try their hand at making jewellery and cutting a diamond.
- Bone-carvers reveal their fossil ivory carving secrets. Every visitor is offered the opportunity to make, helped by a professional craftsman, a souvenir to take home.
- The ‘Reign of Permafrost’ is an exhibition introducing visitors to Yakutia’s unique climate. Come and go down a slide made from real ice!
- In the ‘Footsteps of a Mammoth’ is an exciting game that teaches players about ancient mammoths. You can not only take pictures, but also pet them. Don’t miss this rare opportunity!
- A virtual stroll around 18th-century Yakutsk shows how the city grew on top of the permafrost.

KHABAROVSK TERRITORY
- The pavilion of the Khabarovsky Territory is displayed in the form of an airplane heading for take off. The Komsomolsk-on-Amur Aircraft Plant in the city of Komsomolsk-on-Amur produces the most modern domestic aircrafts.
- A stylised viewing platform with seating places as well as a stage for performing artists are organised for the visitors to the exhibition.
- The interactive installation with ‘A Window to the Khabarovsky Territory’ touch areas allows you to visit the Shantar Islands and Medvezhye Lake (Bear Lake) in real time.
- Anyone can make a memorable souvenir in the 'Workplace of the Aircraft Builder' area in the pavilion.
- In the pavilion, you can also admire the laser light show in the evening and at night.

CHUKOTKA AUTONOMOUS AREA
- There is a cube symbolising an ice cover in the centre of the exposition. The interior space of the cube is a large 270-degree projection room, where anyone can travel through the amazing and mysterious Chukotka.
- At the intersection of the Arctic Circle and the 180th meridian, there is the ‘Sun Symbol’. Visitors can view this symbol in detail at the stand of the pavilion.
- The exposition will broadcast a concert of the famous cellists Boris Andrianov and Anna Koshkina.
- The Chukotka exhibition complex is covered with ‘Dance of the Wind’, a kinetic installation of thousands of pieces of foil. Its swaying in the wind creates a sensation of clouds.
- The largest mining complex of Chukotka, the Baimsky Mining and Processing Plant, presents its capabilities. The project’s implementation will create new jobs in the region and increase the gross regional product.